

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> show awareness of word classes – nouns, adjectives, verbs and connectives and be aware of similarities in English name the gender of nouns (masculine, feminine, neuter) and use definite articles (der, die, das) use a simple negative form (nicht, kein) demonstrate use of some adjectives use the correct form of some regular and high frequency verbs in the present tense with first and second person (e.g. ich habe, ich bin, ich mag, du bist) name the first and second person singular subject pronouns (ich, du) recognise and use the first person possessive pronouns (ich, mein, meine) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> name the indefinite articles (ein, eine) and definite articles (der, die, das) for the gender of nouns and use some correctly say how to make the plural form of nouns (die... -n/en, -e, -er, -s) recognise a high frequency verb in the imperfect tense and use it as a set phrase (haben, spielen) show awareness of the position and masculine/feminine agreement of adjectives and start to demonstrate use use simple prepositions in sentences (auf, unter, neben, zwischen, in) use the third person singular and plural of the verb 'haben' in the present tense (hat, haben, habt) learn the dative for der, die, das pronounce German Umlaut (ä, ö, ü, ß) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> name the third person singular subject pronouns (er, sie, es) recognise and use past participle verbs (e.g. essen/gegessen) conjugate the verb 'sein' into the simple past tense (war, warst) conjugate regular verbs in the present tense (-e, -st, -t, -en) use the third person singular and plural of the verb 'haben' in the present tense (hat, haben, habt) use infinitives (e.g. Fußball spielen) use the present tense of some high frequency verbs in the third person singular and plural (e.g. er/sie/es ist, Sie essen) use prepositions in sentences (an, hinter, über, vor) pronounce some German diphthongs (ie, au, ei, äu) learn how to replace a noun with a correct personal pronoun (er, sie, es, Sie) demonstrate the use of first, second and third person singular pronouns with some regular and high frequency verbs in present tense and apply subject-verb agreement (ich, du, er, sie, es) learn some interrogatives and how to use them in sentences (e.g. wann, warum, we, wohin) learn some adjective endings with the indefinite article for the Normative and Accusative case (der kleine Mann, den kleinen Mann) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> use 'werden' and 'mögen' in the singular and plural forms, including the future tense (e.g. ich werde, wir werden) use modal verbs in statements (kann, muss, will, soll, darf) demonstrate the use of first, second and third person singular pronouns with regular and high frequency verbs in present tense and apply subject-verb agreement (ich, du, er, sie, es) use interrogatives in sentences (e.g. wann, warum, we, wohin) use some intensifiers in sentences use the polite form 'Sie' use the present perfect tense with 'haben' and 'sein' recognise and use a range of prepositions in sentences (an, hinter, über, vor) use 'man' as one/you/people in a sentence name and use the coordinating conjunctions 'und' and 'oder' in sentences name and use the subordinating conjunctions 'weil' and 'wenn' in sentences use adverbs to indicate time and place recognise and use the simple past tense of the verbs 'sein' and 'haben' with a variety of personal pronouns (ich war, ich hatte) demonstrate understanding of gender and number of nouns and use appropriate determiners compare the use of language and grammar patterns with English, stating similarities and differences